PAVEMENT REHABILITATION RESONANT RUBBLIZING



RUBBLIZATION OF PCC USING A RESONANT BREAKER

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INTRODUCTION

RMI Worldwide

- RMI has been in business since 1984
- RMI is headquartered in Tulsa, Oklahoma with satellite offices in:
 - Kansas City, Missouri
 - Minneapolis Minnesota
 - Shanghai, China
 - Moscow, Russia
- RMI Construction Services is a specialized subcontractor with expertise in:
 - Concrete rubblization
 - Concrete demolition
 - Concrete breaking Break and Seat, Crack and Seat, Breaking for Removal
 - RMI has successful completed concrete and rubblizing projects throughout North America, China, Eastern Europe and Chili

- RMI Construction Services: BAV Corporation performs subcontractor services for RMI in CIS and Europe:
 - Highway and Street surface rehabilitation
 - Airport runway reconstruction
 - Commercial Parking lot and Warehouse floor reconstruction
- RMI Resonant Machines is a vehicle manufacturer and inventor of the Resonant Beam Technology

Rubblization Technology:

- 40 million m² in the USA
- 3 million m² in Russia-Ukraine & Belarus
- 4 million m² in China



RUBBLIZATION PROJECTS: 41 States in USA



Reflecting cracks is an issue





What is Rubblizing?

The Process of Fracturing Pavement of Portland Cement Concrete into Angular "Puzzle-like" Pieces for Direct Overlay



Structural Design: State Studies

Over 20 Studies from Multiple States support that rubblizing provides: ✓ Long life for surfaces – 22+ years ✓ smooth driving conditions ✓ Rubblization eliminates reflective cracking and dramatically reduces surface defects











Properties of Rubblizing: Comparison

"Rubblizing" doesn't affect the base integrity due to the low amplitude



High Amplitude Damage to Base / Utilities Low Amplitude No Violation of Base / Utilities

Additional Issues with High Impact Rubblizing



Application of Recycling the Concrete Pavement (Rubblizing)

Environmentally Friendly Construction



Reflection: Evolution of the Deterioration



Rehabilitation of Concrete Pavement



Rehabilitation of Concrete Pavement



Rubblizing





≈ 35°to 40°

Angular Fracture Pattern for Greater Modulus

Structural Design: Correlations



DESCRIPTION OF TECHNICAL RUBBLIZING

Description of Rubblizing Equipment



Description of Rubblizing Equipment: New computer system was installed in 2008







.... A new generation screen allows to control and optimize the rubblization process.







Description of Resonant Beam

Weight_

Vibration Technology -



Frequency 44 Hz Amplitude 13-19 mm (3/4")

Description of Resonant Beam



Frequency 44 Hz Amplitude 13-19 mm (3/4")

Operational Data of Equipment

- Strikes PCC 44 Times per Second
- 900 kg. of Pressure Per Strike
- Beam Weighs 4080 kg.
- Raises 13-19 mm. Per Strike
- Machine Speed is at approx. 5-8 km/h
- Breaking Area is 25.4 mm. wide
- Average Rubblized Per Day: 6,000 m2

STRUCTURAL DESIGN

Rubblizing Process

- Remove existing overlay
- Install drainage system
- Rubblize concrete pavement
- Remove & replace weak areas
- Roll rubblized concrete
- Place HMA leveling course & overlay

Structural Design: Methods

- AASHTO Procedure Design (SN)
- Asphalt Institute Series Manuals (MS) -17
- NAPA Series Information (IS) –117
- Airfield Asphalt Pavement Technology Program -AAPTP

Structural Design: Evaluation

- Pavement after years of use and deterioration.
- Expert analysis is required to insure that the cause of the failure of the pavement.

- If the Damage does Not arise the Subgrade or Sub-Base Problems, Pavement is a Candidate for Rubblization.
- If the Subgrade has Problems, Rubblization will Not Eliminate the Issue.

Structural Design: Drainage

- Proper Drainage System should be Installed or Repaired Prior to Rubblizing the Pavement.
- Varying Methods of Drainage can be Used Depending on the Site.

Three Most Damaging Things to a Highway or Airport

• Water

Structural Design: Drainage

Subgrade

Dual outlets at approximately 300 feet

Dual outlets - One each direction

Structural Design: Scope

The Modulus of the Rubblized Concrete depends on the Thickness, Subbase and Subgrade. Typically Rubblized Concrete is 2.5 Times Stronger than any Granular Material.

$$\begin{split} E_4 &> E_3 \\ E_3 &> E_2 & \text{Where } E_3 = f(E_2) \\ E_2 &> E_1 & \text{Where } E_2 = f(E_1) \end{split}$$

CONSTRUCTION PROCESS

- •Three Stages of Construction:
- Rubblizing
- Rolling
- Asphalt Overlay

Prior to Rubblizing Process

 Repair or Replace Drainage System

 Remove any Asphalt Overlay Currently in Place

Resonant Rubblizing

- Capable of Rubblizaing up to 60 cm.
- Ideal Distance Per Run 1.6 km. / One Lane Wide
- Speed of Resonant Machine 5 8 km/h

- Complete debonding of concrete
- Removal of mesh reinforcement and rebar

Test Pit Confirm Specification and Debonding

Fracture Pattern at Memphis International Airport

Cement Stabilized Base

• Rubblization of airport concrete up to 60 cm.

Wright Patterson Airport, USA

• Rubblization doesn't effect existing slope and level of the surface

Rubblized Slab Prior to Rolling

- 10 Ton High Frequency, Low Amplitude Steel Drum Roller (3 Passes)
 Only Equipment Necessary After Rubblization
- Not Recommended to Drive on Prior to Asphalt Overlay
 - 2005 10 20

• Surface after compaction and before overlay

Asphalt Layer

- Leveling Course on First Lift with Ability to Open Traffic
- No Primer Required on Rubblized Layer
- Minimum of 12 cm. of Asphalt Overlay

Next Day - Open Traffic

Recommended State Specification

- High Frequency Low Amplitude Resonant Breaker
- Resonant Breaker shall apply 900 kg. of pressure per strike at 44 Hz
- Removal of any Existing Asphalt Overlay
- Majority of Particle Size of Less than 15 cm.
- Maximum Particle Size of 20 cm.
- 10 Ton High Frequency Low Amplitude Vibratory Roller
 - •3 Passes with Maximum Speed of 2 m. per Second
- Minimum of 80% Debonding of Existing Steel Reinforcing
- No Traffic on Rubblized Slab Until First Lift is Placed
- Minimum of 13 cm. of Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay

The Math (One Lane Mile)

Rubblize and Overlay		Unbonded Concrete Overlay		Remove & Replace Concrete	
Item	Extension	Item	Extension	Item	Extension
Edge Drain, Rubblization 4" Unmodified HMA @ 145 lb/ft 4" Modified HMA @ 145 lb/ft		10% Patching existing PCC 2" HMA Bond Breaker, 8" Concrete Overlay		Remove 11" PCC, Place 11" PCC	
Total	100%	Total	155%	Total	165%

Rubblization Technology Summary

- Rubblization technology eliminates the source of reflective cracks
- Rubblization technology is a process of fracturing concrete slabs into angular interlocked pieces
- Rubblization technology converts non- flexible structure (PCC pavement) into a flexible structure
- Rubblization technology DOES NOT invade, damage the base. NO displacement into the base!
- Guillotine and other Impactor methods DO invade the base. Integrity of the base is compromised!

Rubblization Technology Summary Continued

- Rubblization technology:
 - Reduces project complexity
 - Reduces project cost
 - Creates angular fracture pattern for greater modulus
 - Creates pieces sand size to 12.5 cm 17.78 cm at the top to 20cm> towards the bottom
 - Microprocessor Impact Adjustment, Consistency in Particle Size

US Federal Aviation Administration Report

An AAPTP Research Report

Airfield Asphalt Pavement Technology Program

Interim Report AAPTP 05-04

Techniques for Mitigation of Reflective Cracking April 30, 2007

2.5 Summary

Based on the comprehensive review of the different reflection cracking mitigation strategies applied by various airport and highway projects under different conditions, the following summary was obtained:

 No pavement rehabilitation technique has been shown to prevent reflection cracking, with the exception of rubblizing PCC pavements. However, several techniques have demonstrated the ability to reduce reflection cracking when designed and constructed properly.

